World Religions

Buddhism Questions

(The World's Religions by Houston Smith)

The Man Who Woke Up (pp. 82-88)

- 1. Who are the only two people in history to provoke the question "What are you?" rather than the question "Who are you?"
- 2. What was the Buddha's answer to the question?
- 3. What is the Sanskrit root of "Buddha," and what two meanings does it have?
- 4. In what has the Buddha's life become encased?
- 5. What was the Buddha's full name?
- 6. Briefly describe him and give the facts of his early life.
- 7. According to what fortunetellers at his birth prophesied, what would he become if he remained with the world?
- 8. According to the second part of the prophecy, what would he become if he forsook the world?
- 9. Briefly recount the legend of The Four Passing Sights.
- 10. What was the Great Going Forth?
- 11. Briefly describe the first phase of his search.
- 12. Briefly describe the second phase.
- 13. Briefly describe the principle of the Middle Way.
- 14. Briefly describe the third phase of his search.
- 15. Why is the tree under which he sat called the Bo Tree? What was the location later called?
- 16. What was the first event that occurred the night of his meditation? Which two gods challenged him?
- 17. Briefly describe the Great Awakening. How did the natural world respond to it?
- 18. How many days was the Buddha lost in rapture?
- 19. What was the final temptation of Mara?
- 20. What was the Buddha's answer to Mara?
- 21. How did the Buddha spend the rest of his life?
- 22. How did he divide his yearly schedule?
- 23. What did he do three times a day, every day?
- 24. How old was he when he dies and around what year was his death? How did he die?
- 25. What two sentences from his valedictory have echoed through the ages?

The Silent Sage (pp. 88-92)

- 1. Briefly describe the general impact that the Buddha's life had on those who knew him.
- 2. What was the most striking thing about the Buddha?
- 3. What did this combination of characteristics shield him from?
- 4. The Buddha's tenderness was so strong that Buddhism has often been called a religion of what?
- 5. What kinds of people did the Buddha move amongst and what was their general reaction to him?

- 6. In what ways were the Buddha's physical needs simple?
- 7. What was the Buddha's reaction to those who wanted to turn him into a god in his lifetime?
- 8. What two things evidenced the Buddha's leadership?
- 9. In what was the Buddha gifted with preternatural insight?
- 10. The Buddha's entire life was saturated with what?
- 11. What is the translation of "Sakyamuni" and what does it mean?
- 12. What is the translation of "Tathagata" and what does it mean?

The Rebel Saint (pp. 92-99)

- 1. What must Buddhism be seen against the background of?
- 2. In what way was the emergence of Buddhism different from that of Hinduism?
- 3. List the six aspects of religion.
- 4. What two things did religion arise out of?
- 5. "Grace" is the belief that Reality is ultimately what? Briefly explain.
- 6. Though the six aspects contribute to religion, each can also do what?
- 7. What was the religious scene like in the Buddha's day?
- 8. What is so surprising about the emergence of Buddhism?
- 9. What were the two prongs of the Buddha's attack on authority?
- 10. What was Buddhism devoid of?
- 11. What was the Buddha's "noble silence" an attempt to avoid?
- 12. What did the Buddha ask his followers to slip free from? What language did Buddha stop using in an attempt to accomplish this?
- 13. Briefly describe the Buddhist view of reincarnation? According to the Buddha, can an individual reach enlightenment in a single lifetime?
- 14. Why did Buddha reject the supernatural?
- 15. When did all six aspects of religion come "tumbling into" Buddhism?
- 16. Why is original Buddhism so unique and historically invaluable?
- 17. List and give a brief explanation of the seven characteristic terms of Buddhism.